MITH SAMLANH

Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 December 2023
and
Report of the Independent Auditors

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Organisation Information

Organisation document Registration No.172 issued by the Ministry of Interior

on 11 February 2002

Registered Office #215, Street 13, Phnom Penh

Kingdom of Cambodia

Main donors Asian Community Trust

Asian Development Bank Accor Heartist Solidarity/FI

Bel Foundation/FI

Credit Suisse APAC Foundation Limited/FI

ECPAT Luxembourg asbl/FI

Epic Fondation/FI

Fondation Philanthropique NEXT/FI

Fondation Juniclair

Fondation Pierre Bellon/FI

Gisela Stichting

Global Fund/NCHADS/FI

Shiseido Travel Retail Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd./FI United Nations Children's Fund ("UNICEF")/FI

United Nations Economic & Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

World Childhood Foundation/FI

Board of Directors Mr. Reth Vuthy Chairperson

Mr. Sebastien Marot Treasurer
Ms. Chhun Chendasophea Member
Ms. Tith Davy Member

Technical Coordinator Friends-International (FI)

Management Team Ms. Mâp Somaya Program Director

Mr. Pring KimChhay Finance Coordinator

Ms. Khem Soleil

Ms. Nao Phalla

Mr. Phourng Tola

Building Futures Coordinator

Saving Lives Coordinator

HR/Admin Coordinator

Principal Bankers J Trust Royal Bank Plc.

ACLEDA Bank Plc.

Advanced Bank of Asia Limited Wing Bank (Cambodia) Plc

Auditors KPMG Cambodia Ltd



Statement by the management

I, the undersigned, on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mith Samlanh ("the Organisation), do hereby state that the financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 30 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organisation as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities ("CIFRS for SMEs").

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board,

Ms. Map Somaya Program Director

Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia

28 June 2024



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Report of the Independent Auditors To the Donors of Mith Samlanh

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Mith Samlanh ("the Organisation") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in reserves and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 5 to 30 (hereafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organisation as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities ("CIFRS for SMEs").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Cambodian International Standards on Auditing ("CISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement* section of our report. We are independent of the Organisation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Cambodia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

As stated in Note 24 to the financial statements, the Organisation adopted CIFRS for SMEs on 1 January 2023 with a transition date of 1 January 2022. These standards were applied retrospectively to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2022, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in reserves and cash flows of the Organisation for the year ended 31 December 2022 and related explanatory notes.

We were not engaged to audit on the restated comparative information and it is unaudited. Our responsibilities in respect of this comparative information is to determine whether the financial statements include the comparative information required by CIFRS for SMEs and whether such information is appropriately classified.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with CIFRS for SMEs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organisation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with CISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organisation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For KPMG Cambodia Ltd

Taing YoukFor

Partner

Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia

28 June 2024

Statement of financial position for the year ended 31 December 2023

		31 December 2023			31 December 2022	
	Notes	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Term deposits Accrued income – donors	5 6 7	233,423 365,884 55,616	953,533 1,494,636 227,191	626,371 514,731 31,429	2,578,770 2,119,147 129,393	
Other receivables	8	5,472	22,354	13,953	57,445	
Non-current assets		660,395	2,697,714	1,186,484	4,884,755	
Property and equipment	9	2,831,668	11,567,364	2,830,214	11,651,991	
TOTAL ASSETS		3,492,063	14,265,078	4,016,698	16,536,746	
LIABILITIES AND RESERVES						
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Unearned income – donors Employee benefit obligation Other payables	10 11 12	209,998 - 17,015	857,842 - 69,506	470,131 136,635 5,246	1,935,529 562,526 21,598	
Total liabilities		227,013	927,348	612,012	2,519,653	
RESERVES						
Fund balance Currency translation reserves		3,265,050	13,298,132 39,598	3,404,686	13,872,035 145,058	
Total reserves		3,265,050	13,337,730	3,404,686	14,017,093	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES		3,492,063	14,265,078	4,016,698	16,536,746	

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023		2022	
	Note	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
Income					
Donor grants	13	1,731,479	7,116,379	1,825,551	7,461,027
Private donation	14	11,516	47,331	306,925	1,254,402
Other income	15	34,370	141,261	23,978	97,998
		1,777,365	7,304,971	2,156,454	8,813,427
Expenditure					
Personnel costs	16	954,058	3,921,178	915,520	3,741,730
Direct costs	17	451,923	1,857,404	762,281	3,115,442
Equipment/Assets	18	9,958	40,927	12,803	52,326
Indirect costs	19	180,860	743,335	146,218	597,593
Travel and Training	20	4,417	18,154	5,386	22,013
Sub-Grants to Friends Alliance	21	315,785	1,297,876	210,923	862,042
Total expenditure		1,917,001	7,878,874	2,053,131	8,391,146
Net (deficit)/surplus for the year		(139,636)	(573,903)	103,323	422,281
Other comprehensive (loss)/ income					
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Currency translation difference			(105,460)		145,058
Total comprehensive (loss)lincome for the year		(139,636)	(679,363)	103,323	567,339

Statement of changes in reserves for the year ended 31 December 2023

		balance	Currency transla		Total reserves	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
At 1 January 2023	3,404,686	13,872,035	-	145,058	3,404,686	14,017,093
Total comprehensive loss						
Net deficit for the year Currency translation difference	(139,636)	(573,903)	- -	(105,460)	(139,636)	(573,903) (105,460)
	(139,636)	(573,903)		(105,460)	(139,636)	(679,363)
At 31 December 2023	3,265,050	13,298,132		39,598	3,265,050	13,337,730
At 1 January 2022	3,301,363	13,449,754	-	-	3,301,363	13,449,754
Total comprehensive income						
Net surplus for the year Currency translation difference	103,323	422,281 	<u>-</u>	145,058	103,323 	422,281 145,058
	103,323	422,281	<u>-</u>	145,058	103,323	567,339
At 31 December 2022	3,404,686	13,872,035		145,058	3,404,686	14,017,093

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2023

		20	23	202	22
		US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
Cash flow from operating	Notes		(Note 4)		(Note 4)
activities					
Net deficit/surplus for the year		(139,636)	(573,903)	103,323	422,281
Non-cash adjustments:					
Depreciation		1,634	6,716	1,016	4,152
Employee benefit obligation		37,924	155,867	31,507	128,769
Bad debt expense Interest income		(1,320)	(5,426)	(1,198)	(4,899) (07,053)
		(31,671)	(130,168)	(23,967)	(97,953)
Changes in:		(0.4.407)	(00, 400)	(40,000)	(55.040)
Accrued donor income Other receivables		(24,187) 9,801	(99,409) 40,282	(13,682) (137)	(55,918) (560)
Deferred income – donors		(260,133)	(1,069,147)	(8,135)	(560) (33,248)
Other payables		11,769	48,371	894	3,654
Cash (used in)/generated from					
operations		(395,819)	(1,626,817)	89,621	366,278
Employee benefit obligation paid		(174,559)	(717,437)	(40,223)	(164,391)
Interest received		30,518	125,429	9,236	37,748
Net cash (used in)/generated					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
from operating activities		(539,860)	(2,218,825)	58,634	239,635
Cash flow from investing activities					
Purchase of property and equipment		(3,088)	(12,692)	(1,330)	(5,436)
Term deposit		150,000	616,500	(100,000)	(408,700)
Net cash generated from/(used in)					
investing activities		146,912	603,808	(101,330)	(414,136)
Net decrease in cash and cash					
equivalents		(392,948)	(1,615,017)	(42,696)	(174,501)
Cash and cash equivalents at					
beginning of year		626,371	2,578,770	669,067	2,725,779
Currency translation difference			(10,220)		27,492
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	5	233,423	953,533	626,371	2,578,770
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, the accompanying financial statements.

1. Background

Mith Samlanh ("the Organisation") was established in 1994 in Phnom Penh, Cambodia, and works with vulnerable children/youth, their families and their communities. The Organisation registered as a local NGO with the Ministry of Interior on 11 February 2002 and revised the registration letter on 13 March 2020 under letter No. 1808, and is party to a Memorandum of Understanding with several Ministries as listed here:

- Ministry of Health (2 April 2016 31 May 2023)
 and renewed (1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026)
- Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports (1 January 2023 31 December 2025)
- Ministry of Vocational Training and Employment (20 December 2023 20 December 2028)
- Municipality of Phnom Penh (20 April 2023 20 April 2028)
- National Authority for Combating Drugs (2 July 2020 02 July 2021, 12 August 2022 27 August 2023).
- Ministry of Social Affairs, Veterans and, Youth Rehabilitation (28 October 2022 28 October 2025)

The Organisation's objective is to save lives and build futures. Mith Samlanh saves lives though outreach, drop-in-centres, detoxification and rehabilitation centres, support groups, provision of emergency support services with the objective of stabilising and securing young people and caregivers, before supporting them to build their futures. After stabilization, Mith Samlanh focuses on building futures, reintegrating children into school, and youth, caregivers into employment and for communities to become active and productive citizens of their country and in protecting children. Since 1994, the Organisation has been working with children and youth to develop the best possible service to give them opportunities to go to school, learn a trade, find employment, recover from drug addiction and move away from life on the streets.

As at 31 December 2023, the Organisation had 141 employees (2022: 166 employees).

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities ("CIFRS for SMEs"). These are the Organisation's first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with CIFRS for SMEs and section 35 *Transition to the CIFRS for SMEs* has been applied.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

In the previous financial year, the financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting of Cambodian Financial Reporting Standard for Not-Profit Entities ("CFRS for NFPEs") relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements for submission to the Cambodian Accounting and Auditing Regulatory Body (ACAR) ("Cambodia GAAP").

The Organisation has applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements and in preparing the opening CIFRS for SMEs statement of financial position at 1 January 2022 for the purposes of the transition to CIFRS for SMEs.

An explanation of how the transition to CIFRS for SMEs has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Organisation is provided in Note 24.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Organisation's management on 28 June 2024.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$") have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The national currency of Cambodia is the Khmer Riel ("KHR"). However, as the Organisation transacts its operations and maintains its accounting records primarily in United States Dollars ("US\$"), management has determined US\$ to be the Organisation's functional and presentation currency as it reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances of the Organisation.

These financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Organisation's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest dollar, except otherwise indicated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with CIFRS for SMEs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

3. Significant accounting policies

(a) Foreign currency translation

Transactions in currencies other than US\$ are translated into US\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than US\$ at the reporting date are translated into US\$ at the rates of exchange ruling at that date. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in other currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the respective dates of the initial transactions.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and bank balances and deposits with banks with original maturities of three months or less and other highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(c) Other receivables

Other receivables comprise prepayments, deposit and advance where credit is extended beyond normal credit terms, receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(d) Property and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

The Organisation capitalises all items of property and equipment, except leased property renovation with acquisition cost in excess of US\$1,000 and leased property renovations is capitalised when the cost incurred excess of \$5,000.

Items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

If significant parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

Gains or losses on disposal of an item of property and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property and equipment and are recognised net within other income in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Property and equipment (continued)

(ii) Subsequent cost

The costs of replacing a part of an item of property and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Organisation and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost.

Depreciation of equipment is charged to statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the individual assets as follows:

Class of assets	Years
Office and IT equipment	4
Furniture, Machinery and other equipment	5
Vehicles	5
Construction and building works (owned properties)	10

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in the depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of an asset, the depreciation of that asset is revised prospectively to reflect the new expectations.

Disposals are recorded when the assets are scrapped or sold. Cost of maintenance is expended as incurred.

(e) Other payables

Other payables are carried at amortised cost during the effective interest method in the statement of financial position.

(f) Impairment

At each reporting date, property and equipment and intangible asset are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Impairment (continued)

Similarly, at each reporting date, inventories are assessed for impairment by comparing the carrying amount of each item of inventory (or group of similar items) with its selling price less costs to complete and sell. If an item of inventory (or group of similar items) is impaired, its carrying amount is reduced to selling price less costs to complete and sell, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount (selling price less costs to complete and sell, in the case of inventories), but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of related assets) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(g) Operating leases

Leases when substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the Lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rental payable under operating leases are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

(h) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Organisation has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

(i) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expense as the related service is provide. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Organisation has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

The Organisation's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of the benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Re-measurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(j) Recognition of income

(i) Donor grants

Donor grants are accounted for in accordance with Section 24 of CIFRS for SMEs. As such, the income received from restricted grants is only recognised when "earned", regardless of when grant instalments are paid when a) for the period in which expenses for the related grant are recognised for which the grant is intended to compensate and b) where grant conditions are met.

Where the grant instalments have been received, but not recognised or utilised, they are presented in the statement of financial position as a current liability under "Unearned income – donors".

Where grant instalments have not been received, are committed and utilised in advance of payment, they are presented in the statement of financial position as a current asset under "accrued income - donors".

(ii) Private donation

Private donations are recognised when they are deemed receivable. A private donation is deemed to be receivable when actually received from individuals, companies, organisations or institutions which are not covered by specific grant agreements with terms and conditions. Donations in kind, if any, are recognised at fair value when received using a reliable estimate of the cost of the donated goods or services.

(iii) Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on deposits and placements and exchange rate gains. Interest income and realised exchange rate gains are recognised when Mith Samlanh becomes entitled to them.

(k) Income tax

Provision for income tax is not applicable, as the Organisation is registered as not-for-profit organisation which is subject to exempt from income tax under Article 9 of Cambodian Law on Taxation.

4. Translation of United States Dollars into Khmer Riel

The financial statements are expressed in United States Dollars ("US\$") which is the Organisation's functional currency. The translations of United States Dollars amount into Khmer Riel ("KHR") meets the presentation requirements pursuant to Law on Accounting and Auditing and has been done in compliance with CIFRS for SMEs Section 30, *Foreign Currency Translation*.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

4. Translation of United States Dollars into Khmer Riel (continued)

Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate as at the reporting. The statements of comprehensive income and cash flows are translated into KHR using the average rate for the year, which have been deemed to approximate the exchange rates at the date of transaction as exchange rates have not fluctuated significantly during the period. Exchange differences arising from the translation are recognised as "Currency translation reserves" in the other comprehensive income.

The Organisation uses the following exchange rates:

Financial year end			Closing rate	Average rate
31 December 2023	US\$1	=	KHR4,085	KHR4,110
31 December 2022	US\$1	=	KHR4,117	KHR4,087

The translation to Khmer Riel should not be construed as representations that the United States Dollars amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into Khmer Riel at this or any other rate of exchange.

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	31 December 2023		31 December 2022	
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)
Cash on hand	164	670	13	54
Cash at banks:				
J Trust Royal Bank Plc.	38,332	156,586	242,022	996,408
ACLEDA Bank Plc.	-	-	26,901	110,751
Advanced Bank of Asia Ltd.	194,910	796,207	357,354	1,471,227
Wing Specialised Bank	17	70	81	330
	233,259	952,863	626,358	2,578,716
Cash and cash equivalents	233,423	953,533	626,371	2,578,770

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

6. Term deposits

	31 Decer	31 December 2023		nber 2022
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)
Term deposits	350,000	1,429,750	500,000	2,058,500
Accrued interest income	15,884	64,886	14,731	60,647
	365,884	1,494,636	514,731	2,119,147

Th term deposit placement at J Trust Royal Bank Plc. with principal amounting to US\$350,000 for maturity of one year and bear interest at rates of 8% (2022: 5.20%) per annum.

7. Accrued income - donors

	31 December 2023		31 December 2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
FI/Epic Foundation	55,616	227,191	-	-
Asian Development Bank FI/Shiseido Travel Retail Asia	-	-	22,831	93,995
Pacific Pte. Ltd.			8,598	35,398
	55,616	227,191	31,429	129,393

8. Other receivables

	31 December 2023		31 Decem	ber 2022
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)
Prepayment	1,999	8,166	3,702	15,242
Guarantee deposits	1,630	6,659	3,112	12,812
Insurance receivables	1,572	6,422	2,008	8,267
Vocational training accounts				
receivable	-	-	1,471	6,056
Staff loans	-	-	3,660	15,068
Other	271	1,107		
	5,472	22,354	13,953	57,445

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

9. Property and equipment

2023	Freehold land (*) US\$	Vehicles US\$	Furniture, machinery and other equipment US\$	US\$	Total KHR'000 (Note 4)
Cost At 1 January 2023 Additions Disposals Currency translation difference	2,826,900 - - -	5,080 - - -	3,088 - 	2,831,980 3,088 - 	11,659,262 12,692 - (90,701)
At 31 December 2023	2,826,900	5,080	3,088	2,835,068	11,581,253
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2023 Depreciation for the year Disposals Currency translation difference	- - - -	1,766 1,016 - 	- 618 - 	1,766 1,634 - 	7,271 6,716 - (98)
At 31 December 2023	<u>-</u> _	2,782	618	3,400	13,889
Carrying amounts					
At 31 December 2023	2,826,900	2,298	2,470	2,831,668	11,567,364

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

9. Property and equipment (Continued)

2022	Freehold land (*)	Vehicles	Furniture, machinery and other equipment	7	⁻ otal
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Cost					
At 1 January 2022 Additions Currency translation difference	2,826,900 - 	3,750 1,330 	- - <u>-</u>	2,830,650 1,330 -	11,532,069 5,436 121,757
At 31 December 2022	2,826,900	5,080		2,831,980	11,659,262
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2022 Depreciation for the year Currency translation difference	- - -	750 1,016 	- - -	750 1,016 -	3,056 4,152 63
At 31 December 2022		1,766	<u>-</u>	1,766	7,271
Carrying amounts					
At 31 December 2022	2,826,900	3,314		2,830,214	11,651,991

^(*) On 5 December 2006, the Organisation purchased the freehold land located at located at #215, Street 13, Sangkat Chey Chumneas, Khan Daun Penh, Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia. The purpose of this land is to secure the future of the programme of the Organisation where its core activities are based. The land ownership was registered in hard title deed and hold in trust under the name of the Program Director, Ms. Map Somaya on behalf of the Organisation.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

10. Unearned income - donors

	31 Decem US\$	ber 2023 KHR'000 (Note 4)	31 Decem US\$	ber 2022 KHR'000 (Note 4)
Asian Community Trust	665	2,720	1,720	7,081
United Nations Economic and Social				
Commission for Asia and the				
Pacific (UN ESCAP)	18,641	76,148	-	-
FI/Credit Suisse APAC				
Foundation Limited	23,040	94,118	34,769	143,144
FI/ECPAT Luxembourg asbl	1,109	4,530	-	-
FI/Epic Foundation	5,396	22,043	4,128	16,995
FI/NCHADS / GFATM	1,724	7,043	5,861	24,130
Fondation Juniclair	21,593	88,207	20,528	84,514
FI/Fondation Juniclair	31,228	127,566	6,227	25,637
FI/Fondation Philanthropique NEXT	79,995	326,777	92,745	381,831
FI/Fondation Pierre Bellon	26,607	108,690	61,129	251,668
Gisela Stichting	-	-	13,548	55,777
FI/Accor Heartist Solidarity	-	-	7,811	32,158
FI/Bel Foundation	-	-	15,699	64,633
FI/CW Asia Fund Charitable Foundation	-	-	6,500	26,761
FI/Fossil Foundation	-	-	13,799	56,810
FI/The International Labour Organization	-	-	11,759	48,412
FI/Regent Capital Trust Corporation				
Limited as Trustee of the Kwok				
Foundation	-	-	43,478	178,999
FI/The Cold Mountain Fund of RSF				
Social Finance	-	-	129,577	533,468
FI/World Childhood Foundation			853	3,511
	209,998	857,842	470,131	1,935,529

11. Employee benefit obligation

	31 Decen	31 December 2023		31 December 2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	
Seniority indemnity			136,635	562,526	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

11. Employee benefit obligation (continued)

This represents provision for seniority indemnity on back-pay and current pay by Prakas N.443 issued by the Ministry of Labour and Vocational Training on 21 September 2018 and subsequently amended by the Instruction No.042/19 dated 22 March 2019.

The movement in employee benefit obligation are as bellow:

	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
At 1 January	136,635	562,526	145,351	592,160
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 16)	37,924	155,867	31,507	128,769
Payment during the year	(174,559)	(717,437)	(40,223)	(164,391)
Currency translation difference		(956)		5,988
On 31 December			136,635	562,526

On 26 May 2023, the Organisation paid off the obligation back pay seniority in lum-sump to individual employee. The Organisation maintains the current pay seniority which is due to be settled in June and December each year.

12. Other payables

	202	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	
Tax payable	2,658	10,858	3,786	15,587	
Others	14,357	58,648	1,460	6,011	
	17,015	69,506	5,246	21,598	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

13. Donor grants

	20	23	20)22
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
Asian Community Trust	18,670	76,734	13,286	54,298
Asian Development Bank	345,324	1,419,282	140,361	573,657
Gisela Stichting	48,548	199,532	63,427	259,227
United Nations Economic & Social				
Commission for Asia and the Pacific				
(UN ESCAP)	6,359	26,135	-	-
FI/Accor Heartist Solidarity	28,347	116,506	40,426	165,220
FI/Bel Foundation	15,699	64,523	-	-
FI/Credit Suisse APAC Foundation				
Limited	66,730	274,260	94,756	387,268
FI/CW Asia Fund Charitable Foundation	6,500	26,715	3,500	14,305
FI/ECPAT Luxembourg asbl	129,033	530,326	126,627	517,525
FI/Epic Foundation	154,347	634,366	45,872	187,480
FI/Fondation Juniclair/ATOZ FI/Fondation Juniclair	107,402	441,422	125,956	514,783
FI/Fondation Junicali FI/Fondation Philanthropique NEXT	114,308 71,635	469,806 294,420	53,350 239,408	218,043 978,460
FI/Fondation Pierre Bellon	83,236	342,100	66,829	273,130
F/Fossil Foundation	13,799	56,714	31,632	129,278
FI/NCHADS/GFATM	149,255	613,438	133,280	544,717
FI/Regent Capital Trust Corporation	143,233	010,400	100,200	J -1- ,7 17
Limited as Trustee of the Kwok				
Foundation	43,478	178,695	6,522	26,654
FI/Shiseido Travel Retail Asia Pacific	.0, 0	110,000	0,022	20,00
Pte. Ltd.	68,130	280,014	49,704	203,142
FI/The Cold Mountain Fund of RSF	,	,-	-, -	,
Social Finance	129,577	532,561	70,423	287,818
FI/The International Labour Organization	6,909	28,396	14,438	59,009
FI/UNICEF Cambodia	107,273	440,892	187,428	766,020
FI/World Childhood Foundation	16,920	69,542	18,317	74,860
DanChurchAid	, -	, -	99,406	406,271
FI/Give2Asia/VISA	_	_	6,505	26,586
Sipar/AFD	_	_	33,353	136,312
People In Need	_	_	(900)	(3,678)
Riverview Children's Foundation	_	_	7,254	29,645
FI/If Foundation			154,391	630,997
Total	1,731,479	7,116,379	1,825,551	7,461,027
				

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

14. Private donations

	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 3)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 3)
Other private/individual donors	11,516	47,331	306,925	1,254,402

This represents donations from individuals, companies, organisations or institutes which are not covered by specific grant agreements.

15. Other income

	20	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	
Interest income	31,671	130,168	23,967	97,953	
Others	2,699	11,093	11	45	
	34,370	141,261	23,978	97,998	

16. Personnel costs

	20	023	20	2022	
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)	
National staff	850,817	3,496,858	836,742	3,419,765	
Health and pensions	40,939	168,259	24,062	98,341	
Severance pay/seniority (*)	37,924	155,867	31,507	128,769	
(Note 10)					
Overtime	16,158	66,409	12,567	51,361	
Stipend	3,896	16,013	1,439	5,881	
Consultancies/professional fees	3,716	15,273	5,377	21,976	
Recruitment costs	608	2,499	848	3,466	
Staff COVID testing			2,978	12,171	
	954,058	3,921,178	915,520	3,741,730	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

16. Personnel costs (continued)

(*) In accordance with Prakas No. 443 MLVT/Br. K issued by the Ministry of Labor and Vocational Training on 21 September 2018 and subsequently amended by the Instruction No. 042/19 dated 22 March 2019, all employees are entitled to seniority indemnity at the amount equal to 15 days of net wage per year.

17. Direct costs

	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)
Hygiene costs	11,161	45,872	13,733	56,127
Medical costs	36,321	149,279	25,903	105,866
Information, Education,	299	1,229	1,182	4,831
Communication Materials				
Clothing for Beneficiaries	2,152	8,845	2,322	9,490
Non-Formal Education materials	2,549	10,476	6,208	25,372
Food/Drink for Beneficiaries	95,470	392,382	267,413	1,092,917
Family Support	49,345	202,808	213,771	873,682
Harm Reduction Materials	5,695	23,406	6,080	24,849
Centre Supplies	15,151	62,271	9,692	39,611
Other Activity Costs	833	3,424	679	2,775
Case Manager Travel	6,740	27,701	5,108	20,876
Recreational Activity Support	3,552	14,598	3,397	13,884
Outreach Materials	1,433	5,890	1,068	4,365
School Reintegration Support	41,452	170,368	40,214	164,355
Vocational Training Materials	33,752	138,721	23,412	95,685
Employment activities	39,212	161,161	56,632	231,455
ChildSafe Activities	11,313	46,496	6,136	25,078
Foster Care Families	43,804	180,034	33,659	137,564
Staff Uniforms	1,035	4,254	1,198	4,895
Independent Living	8,319	34,191	7,569	30,935
Beneficiary Transport	37,329	153,422	30,293	123,807
Beneficiary Trainings / Meetings	4,159	17,093	4,860	19,863
Community Event Costs	847	3,483	1,180	4,823
Beneficiary COVID Testing			572	2,337
	451,923	1,857,404	762,281	3,115,442

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

18. Equipment/Assets

	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	1,634	6,716	1,016	4,152
Vocational Training Equipment	3,035	12,474	2,892	11,820
IT/Computers	2,600	10,686	5,228	21,367
Furniture/Fittings	1,507	6,194	2,533	10,352
Inventory	1,182	4,857	1,034	4,227
Vehicles		<u> </u>	100	408
	9,958	40,927	12,803	52,326

19. Indirect costs

	20	2023		2022	
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	
		(Note 4)		(Note 4)	
Communications	15,159	62,303	11,546	47,189	
Transport/ Gasoline/ Maintenance	33,091	136,004	34,075	139,265	
Maintenance/Renovations	25,815	106,100	14,099	57,623	
Office Supplies	5,730	23,550	7,782	31,805	
Office Rent	42,053	172,838	24,668	100,818	
Utilities	27,498	113,017	27,469	112,266	
Printing/Photocopying	839	3,448	1,293	5,284	
Postage & Shipping	136	559	173	707	
Bank Charges	821	3,374	902	3,686	
External Audits	17,545	72,110	7,370	30,121	
Vehicle/Building Insurance	1,822	7,488	3,751	15,330	
Advertising/Marketing	-	-	1,507	6,159	
Subscriptions	874	3,592	650	2,657	
Donor/staff/Authority relations	3,734	15,347	2,805	11,464	
Other Expenses	4,422	18,175	6,930	28,320	
Bad debts	1,321	5,430	1,198	4,899	
	180,860	743,335	146,218	597,593	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

20. Travel and Training

	202	23	20	22
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
Staff training	3,762	15,462	4,243	17,341
Workshops/Meetings	655	2,692	106	433
Exchanges/Exposure trips			1,037	4,239
	4,417	18,154	5,386	22,013

21. Sub-Grants to Friends Alliance

This represents sub-grants to other Friends Alliance partners, and Program Support by Friends-International – Phnom Penh for its technical support, fundraising support and core management. The amount ranges from 7% to 15% of the approved donor budgets. In 2023, Mith Samlanh provided sub-grants to partners in Cambodia and Thailand under its Asian Development Bank grant.

22. Related parties' transactions

202	3	2022		
US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	
36,140	148,535	35,915	146,785	
90,380	371,462	18,627	76,129	
65,543	269,382	29,230	119,463	
39,092	160,668	8,620	35,230	
120,770	496,364	154,446	631,220	
315,785	1,297,876	210,923	862,042	
995,402	4,091,101	1,654,128	6,760,423	
	90,380 65,543 39,092 120,770 315,785	(Note 4) 36,140 148,535 90,380 371,462 65,543 269,382 39,092 160,668 120,770 496,364 315,785 1,297,876	US\$ KHR'000 (Note 4) US\$ 36,140 148,535 35,915 90,380 371,462 18,627 65,543 269,382 29,230 39,092 160,668 8,620 120,770 496,364 154,446 315,785 1,297,876 210,923	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

23. Lease commitments

The Organisation leases its Transitional Homes and Drop-in-Centres under non-cancellable operating lease agreement which the lease term are 5 years and the expiry date will be on 31 October 2028.

As at 31 December, the Organisation has commitments in respect of these operating leases as follows:

	20	23	202	22
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 4)
Within one year	9,636	39,363	35,971	148,093
Within two to five years	35,420	144,691	38,478	158,414
•	45,056	184,054	74,449	306,507

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

24. Explanation of transition to CIFRS for SMEs

Transition to CIFRS for SMEs

As stated in Note 2 (a), these are the Organisation's first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with CIFRS for SMEs.

The accounting policies set out in Note 3 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and in the preparation of an opening CIFRS for SMEs statement of financial position at 1 January 2022 (the Organisation's date of transition).

In preparing its opening CIFRS for SMEs statement of financial position, the Organisation has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with CFRS for NFPEs relating to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements ("Previous GAAP").

Reconciliation of cash

The following reconciliations summarise the impacts on initial application of CIFRS for SMEs on the Organisation's financial position as at 31 December 2022, and 1 January 2022 and the Organisation's statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022.

		31 December 2022			1 January 2022		
		Previous GAAP Effect of Transition CIFRS		Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition	CIFRS	
			-	for SMEs		to CIFRS for SMEs	for SMEs
	Note	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash and banks	Α	1,126,371	(1,126,371)	-	1,069,067	(1,069,067)	-
Cash and cash equivalents	Α		626,371	626,371		669,067	669,067
Term deposits	Α	-	514,731	514,731	-	400,000	400,000
Accrued income – donors	Α	-	31,429	31,429	-	17,747	17,747
Other receivables	Α	<u> </u>	13,953	13,953	<u> </u>	12,618	12,618
		1,126,371	60,113	1,186,484	1,069,067	30,365	1,099,432

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

24. Explanation of transition to CIFRS for SMEs (continued)

Reconciliation of cash (continued)

		31 December 2022			1 January 2022		
		Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition	CIFRS	Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition	CIFRS
		CFRS for NFPEs	-	for SMEs	CFRS for NFPEs	-	for SMEs
	Note	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
ASSETS							
Non-current assets							
Property and equipment	Α	<u> </u>	2,830,214	2,830,214		2,829,900	2,829,900
		1,126,371	2,890,327	4,016,698	1,069,067	2,860,265	3,929,332
LIABILITIES AND RESERVES							
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Unearned income – donors	В	-	470,131	470,131	-	478,266	478,266
Employee benefit obligation	В	-	136,635	136,635	-	145,351	145,351
Other payables	В	<u> </u>	5,246	5,246	<u> </u>	4,352	4,352
Total liabilities		-	612,012	612,012	-	627,969	627,969
RESERVES							
Fund balance	A,B	1,126,371	2,278,315	3,404,686	1,069,067	2,232,296	3,301,363
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES		1,126,371	2,890,327	4,016,698	1,069,067	2,860,265	3,929,332

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

24. Explanation of transition to CIFRS for SMEs (continued)

Reconciliation of statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2022

		31 December 2022				
			Effect of			
		Previous GAAP	transition to	CIFRS		
		CFRS for NFPEs	CIFRS for SMEs	for SMEs		
	Note	US\$	US\$	US\$		
Income						
Donations, fundraising and other similar						
receipts	Α	2,093,817	(2,093,817)			
Receipts from providing goods or services	Ā	4,883	(4,883)	-		
Interest and other investment	^	20,761	(20,761)	-		
income receipts	Α	20,701	(20,701)	-		
Donor grants	Ā	_	1,825,551	1,825,551		
Private donation	Ā	_	306,925	306,925		
Other income	A	_	23,978	23,978		
	Λ		20,570	20,010		
		2,119,461	36,993	2,156,454		
Expenditure						
Volunteer and employee related						
payments	В	926,643	(926,643)	-		
Program/Project by activities	В	760,907	(760,907)	-		
Grants and donations paid	В	210,923	(210,923)	-		
Other operating payments	В	150,568	(150,568)	-		
Purchases of resources	В	13,116	(13,116)	-		
Personnel costs	В	=.	915,520	915,520		
Direct costs	В	=.	762,281	762,281		
Equipment/Assets	В	=.	12,803	12,803		
Indirect costs	В	-	146,218	146,218		
Travel and Training	В	-	5,386	5,386		
Sub-Grants to Friends Alliance	В		210,923	210,923		
		2,062,157	(9,026)	2,053,131		
Net surplus for the year		57,304	46,019	103,323		

A. Adjustment of assets

As the Organisation has complied with CIFRS for SMEs, these assets are adjusted from the corresponding expense/receipts accounts as well as in retained earnings for those balances brought forward from the previous year to the years of which the payments were actually made/or recorded to be in-line with the principle of CIFRS for SMEs.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2023

24. Explanation of transition to CIFRS for SMEs (continued)

B. Adjustment of liabilities

These liabilities are reversed from the corresponding expense/receipts accounts as well as in retained earnings for those balances carried forward from the previous year to the years of which the payments were actually made to be in-line with the principle of CIFRS for SMEs.

c. Impact on retained surplus

These mostly pertain to the beginning balances of all assets and liabilities which are recorgnised and measurement to be in-line with the principle of CIFRS for SMEs

All payments made/Receipts should be recognised as an expense or capitalise to assets according to the nature of transactions during the year its incurred or accounted in retained earnings for those balances carried forward from the previous year.

25. Tax contingencies

Taxes are subject to review and investigation by a number of authorities, who are enabled by law to impose severe fines, penalties and interest charges. The application of tax laws and regulations to many types of transactions are susceptible to varying interpretations.

These facts may create tax risks in Cambodia substantially more significant than in other countries. The management believes that it has adequately provided for tax liabilities based on its interpretation of tax legislation. However, the relevant authorities may have differing interpretations and the effects since the incorporation of the Organisation could be significant.